

### TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term)

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF2310a

## **Specification**

# TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application IHC, E
Primary Accession O15164

Other Accession NP 056989.2, NP 003843.3, 8805

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Concentration
Goat
Concentration

Isotype IgG Calculated MW 116831

# TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 8805**

### **Other Names**

Transcription intermediary factor 1-alpha, TIF1-alpha, 6.3.2.-, E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase TRIM24, RING finger protein 82, Tripartite motif-containing protein 24, TRIM24, RNF82, TIF1, TIF1A

### **Dilution**

IHC~~1:100~500

E~~N/A

#### **Format**

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Precautions**

TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information

### Name TRIM24

Synonyms RNF82, TIF1, TIF1A

### **Function**

Transcriptional coactivator that interacts with numerous nuclear receptors and coactivators and



modulates the transcription of target genes. Interacts with chromatin depending on histone H3 modifications, having the highest affinity for histone H3 that is both unmodified at 'Lys-4' (H3K4me0) and acetylated at 'Lys-23' (H3K23ac). Has E3 protein-ubiquitin ligase activity. During the DNA damage response, participates in an autoregulatory feedback loop with TP53. Early in response to DNA damage, ATM kinase phosphorylates TRIM24 leading to its ubiquitination and degradation. After sufficient DNA repair has occurred, TP53 activates TRIM24 transcription, ultimately leading to TRIM24-mediated TP53 ubiquitination and degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24820418" target=" blank">24820418</a>). Plays a role in the regulation of cell proliferation and apoptosis, at least in part via its effects on p53/TP53 levels. Up- regulates ligand-dependent transcription activation by AR, GCR/NR3C1, thyroid hormone receptor (TR) and ESR1. Modulates transcription activation by retinoic acid (RA) receptors, including RARA. Plays a role in regulating retinoic acid-dependent proliferation of hepatocytes (By similarity). Also participates in innate immunity by mediating the specific 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination of TRAF3 leading to activation of downstream signal transduction of the type I IFN pathway (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32324863" target=" blank">32324863</a>). Additionally, negatively regulates NLRP3/CASP1/IL-1beta-mediated pyroptosis and cell migration probably by ubiquitinating NLRP3 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33724611" target=" blank">33724611</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

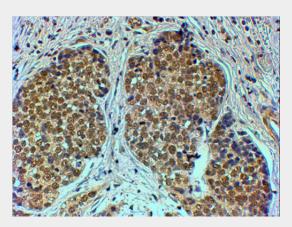
Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Note=Colocalizes with sites of active transcription. Predominantly nuclear. Translocated from nucleus to mitochondria to mediate antiviral immunity (PubMed:32324863). Localizes to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:25593309).

## TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - Images



AF2310a (4  $\mu$ g/ml) staining of paraffin embedded Human Breast cancer. Steamed antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6, HRP-staining.



# TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - Background

This antibody is expected to recognise both reported isoforms, as represented by NP\_003843.3 and NP\_056989.2.

# TIF1A / TRIM24 Antibody (C-Term) - References

Differential interaction of nuclear receptors with the putative human transcriptional coactivator hTIF1. Thenot S, Henriquet C, Rochefort H, Cavailles V. J Biol Chem. 1997 May 2;272(18):12062-8. PMID: 9115274